

## HOW DO I REPORT A DISEASE?

Contact Central Reporting at:

Phone: (216) 201-2080

Fax: (216) 676-1316



### Useful Links:

Ohio Department of Health, Infectious Disease Control Manual  
<https://www.odh.ohio.gov/healthresources/infectiousdiseasemanual.aspx>

Cleveland Department of Public Health, Disease Reporting  
[http://www.clevelandhealth.org/network/health/disease\\_reporting.php](http://www.clevelandhealth.org/network/health/disease_reporting.php)

2018 National Notifiable Infectious Conditions  
<https://wwwn.cdc.gov/nndss/conditions/notifiable/2018/>

## The City of Cleveland Mission Statement

We are committed to improving the quality of life in the City of Cleveland by strengthening our citizens and making Cleveland a desirable, safe city in which to live, work, raise a family, shop, study, play and grow.

For General Inquiries Contact:



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Office Hours: Monday-Friday, 8am-5pm

[www.clevelandhealth.org](http://www.clevelandhealth.org)



Public Health  
Prevent. Promote. Protect.



Cleveland Department of Public Health

## Know your

## ABCs:

A Quick Guide to  
 Disease Reporting



Office of Communicable  
 Disease Surveillance &  
 Epidemiology

[www.clevelandhealth.org](http://www.clevelandhealth.org)

## WHAT IS DISEASE REPORTING?

This is when physicians and other health care providers report diseases of public health concern (communicable/infectious diseases) to the local public health department. The Ohio Administrative Code (3701-3-02 & 3701-3-03) mandates disease reporting to the local health department.

## WHAT ARE REPORTABLE DISEASES?

Infectious and communicable diseases caused by:

- Bacteria
- Viruses
- Parasites
- Fungi
- Toxin

## WHY REPORT?

- To prevent the spread of communicable disease
- To protect the health of the public
- To determine the level of illness in the community
- To evaluate risk of disease transmissions
- To intervene immediately and control the spread of disease

## TIME PERIOD FOR REPORTING?

**Class A:** report immediately by phone upon recognition that a case, suspected case, or positive laboratory result.

**Class B:** report by the end of the next business day after the existence of a case, a suspected case, or a positive laboratory result is known.

**Class C:** report an outbreak, unusual incidence, or epidemic by the end of the next business day.

## The ABCs of Disease Reporting

### KNOW YOUR ABCs QUICK GUIDE

From the Ohio Administrative Code Chapter 3701-3; Effective January 1, 2014

#### Class A

- Anthrax
- Botulism, foodborne
- Cholera
- Diphtheria
- Influenza A – novel virus
- Measles
- Meningococcal disease
- Plague
- Rabies, human
- Rubella (not congenital)
- Severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS)
- Smallpox
- Tularemia
- Viral hemorrhagic fever (VHF)
- Yellow fever

#### Class B

- Amebiasis
- Arboviral neuroinvasive and non-neuroinvasive disease:
  - Eastern equine encephalitis virus disease
  - LaCrosse virus disease (other)
  - California serogroup virus disease
  - Powassan virus disease
  - St. Louis encephalitis virus disease
  - West Nile virus infection
  - Western equine encephalitis virus disease
  - Other arthropod-borne diseases
- Babesiosis
- Botulism, infant
- Botulism, wound
- Brucellosis
- Campylobacteriosis
- Chancroid
- Chlamydia trachomatis infections

#### Class B

- Coccidioidomycosis
- Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease (CJD)
- Cryptosporidiosis
- Cyclosporiasis
- Dengue
- *E. coli* O157:H7 and Shiga toxin-producing (STEC) *E. coli*
- Ehrlichiosis/anaplasmosis
- Giardiasis
- Gonorrhea (*Neisseria gonorrhoeae*)
- *Haemophilus influenzae* (invasive disease)
- Hantavirus
- Hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS)
- Hepatitis A
- Hepatitis B, non-perinatal, perinatal
- Hepatitis C
- Hepatitis D (delta hepatitis)
- Hepatitis E
- Influenza-associated hospitalization
- Influenza-associated pediatric mortality
- Legionnaires' disease
- Leprosy (Hansen disease)
- Leptospirosis
- Listeriosis
- Lyme disease
- Malaria
- Meningitis:
  - Aseptic (viral), Bacterial
- Mumps
- Mycobacterial disease, other than tuberculosis (MOTT)
- Pertussis
- Poliomyelitis (including vaccine-associated cases)
- Psittacosis
- Q fever

#### Class B

- Rubella (congenital)
- Salmonellosis
- Shigellosis
- Spotted Fever Rickettsiosis, including Rocky Mountain spotted fever
- *Staphylococcus aureus*, with resistance or intermediate resistance to vancomycin (VRSA, VISA)
- Streptococcal disease, group A, invasive (IGAS)
- Streptococcal disease, group B, in newborn
- Streptococcal toxic shock syndrome (STSS)
- *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, invasive disease (ISP)
- Syphilis
- Tetanus
- Toxic shock syndrome (TSS)
- Trichinellosis
- Tuberculosis, including multi-drug resistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB)
- Typhoid fever
- Typhus fever
- Varicella
- Vibriosis
- Yersiniosis

#### Class C

- Community
- Foodborne
- Healthcare-associated
- Institutional
- Waterborne
- Zoonotic